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                     REAPPORTIONMENT PUBLIC HEARING
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        SEPTEMBER 21, 2001 - 9:00 A.M.
        NEW COLLEGE, SUDAKOFF CENTER
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               SARASOTA, FLORIDA
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                  REPORTED BY:
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             KRISTEN L. BENTLEY
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                 COURT REPORTER
   Division of Administrative Hearings
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Page 2 Page 4 MEMBERS IN ATTENDANCE 1 throughout these public hearings. This is a public 1 2 2 hearing, the sole and only purpose of which is to hear from SENATOR WALTER G. CAMPBELL, JR. 3 3 the public on matters relating to redistricting. It's not SENATOR LISA CARLTON 4 a legislative committee meeting. And we will not be taking 4 SENATOR ANNA P. COWIN 5 5 SENATOR ALEX DIAZ DE LA PORTILLA legislative action today or in any subsequent public 6 hearings. 6 SENATOR JACK LATVALA 7 Instead, this is the public's forum where we have an 7 SENATOR DURELL PEADEN, JR. 8 8 SENATOR DANIEL WEBSTER opportunity to receive citizen input about their electoral 9 9 REPRESENTATIVE RANDY JOHN BALL districts. It's not the time for legislative debate. All 10 REPRESENTATIVE GUS MICHAEL BILIRAKIS 10 Representatives and Senators will have numerous 11 opportunities in subsequent committee meetings and floor REPRESENTATIVE JOHNNIE B. BYRD, JR. 12 debates to address all the members' concerns and wishes. REPRESENTATIVE DONNA CLARKE 12 13 Today, however, is for you, our constituents. We must not 13 REPRESENTATIVE MARIO DIAZ-BALART 14 diminish your voice by taking up your valuable time today 14 REPRESENTATIVE PAULA BONO DOCKERY 15 REPRESENTATIVE MIKE FASANO 15 in debate. 16 Following my remarks, we will have legal counsel give 16 REPRESENTATIVE MARK G. FLANAGAN 17 a general overview of the legal considerations in 17 REPRESENTATIVE JEFFREY D. KOTTKAMP 18 18 REPRESENTATIVE BRUCE KYLE redistricting for your benefit and then our staff will 19 provide some specific information about the 2000 census and 19 REPRESENTATIVE SANDRA L. MURMAN 20 REPRESENTATIVE MITCH NEEDELMAN 20 those results in this region and the state of Florida as a 21 whole. The rest of the time we'll reserve for you, the 21 REPRESENTATIVE LESLIE WATERS 22 public, for your input. Every ten years after the 22 23 completion of the updated national census the Constitution 23 24 requires that the Florida Legislature redraw the boundaries 24 25 25 of the districts of the Florida House of Representatives, Page 3 Page 5 the Florida Senate and Florida's Congressional districts. 1 **PROCEEDINGS** 1 2 SENATOR WEBSTER: Could we all stand for the Pledge of 2 The Legislature will take up this task next 3 3 legislative session beginning January the 22nd, 2002. The Allegiance. 4 (Pledge.) 4 districts we draw will be first used in the elections of 5 SENATOR WEBSTER: Good morning. My name is Daniel 5 the fall of 2002. Redistricting is a central element of 6 Webster. I'm from District 12, Senator, chairman of the 6 our representative democracy. We take on this with Senate Redistricting Committee. It's my pleasure to 7 humility and due regard for the importance and difficulty 8 8 welcome you to this public hearing this morning. Senators of the job. We are committed that the process will be 9 and Representatives are here to listen to the residents of fair, open, and inclusive. These public hearings represent 10 10 this area and consider your input in this very important a crucial first step in this process. 11 11 We appreciate that we are doing the work of the 12 12 Since these are joint meetings, we've divided the people. We want to hear from you and help you participate 13 responsibilities throughout many of these public hearings 13 in a meaningful way. To encourage public participation, 14 which will be held in the next several weeks. It's my 14 House Speaker Tom Feeney and Senate President John McKay 15 pleasure at this time to introduce Representative Johnnie 15 have scheduled these public hearings. All members of the 16 Byrd who is the chairman of the House Procedural and 16 Legislature's redistricting committees as well as local 17 Redistricting Council. And Chairman Byrd will preside over 17 delegation members have been invited to these public 18 18 this hearing today. Chairman Byrd. hearings. 19 REPRESENTATIVE BYRD: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. I'm 19 These hearings will be taped so that they can also be 20 Johnnie Byrd, Representative from House District 62 and I'm 20 made available to all members of the Legislature. The 21 21 chairman of the House Procedural and Redistricting Council. House and the Senate have designed web sites as a tool for 22 It is also my pleasure to welcome you to this public 22 public input and will broadcast select hearings on 23 23 hearing. It is one of over 20 to be held throughout the Florida's public television stations. The web addresses 24 state of Florida this summer and fall. 24 for the House and Senate legislative redistricting are 25 25 First let me explain the procedure that we will use available at the sign-in table and there is also a web

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address available for the Florida legislative web site.

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The redistricting plan for the State House and Senate will be passed in the form of a joint resolution which will not be subject to the Governor's veto or approval but will be reviewed by the Florida Supreme Court. On the other hand, the plan determining Congressional districts will not be reviewed by the Florida Supreme Court but will be subject to the Governor's approval or veto.

I encourage everyone to carefully review the 2000 census. It is the essential building block on which Florida's redistricting plans will be built. The United States census web site is also available at the sign-in table. Again, we are here to listen and consider your voice. We encourage every member of the public to testify and help us craft your legislative districts.

In addition, we encourage written submissions to the testimony during the public hearing. Everyone who wishes to speak must fill out a speaker's card, that's the only way that we will know who wishes to speak and afterwards who, in fact, did speak. These cards are available also at the sign-in table.

In addition, because we want to hear from as many people as possible, we must limit your comments to about four minutes. On behalf of House Speaker Tom Feeney and Senate President John McKay and the members of the Florida also have David Mills who is the chairman of the Sarasota County Commission. Good morning. Welcome.

MR. MILLS: Thank you very much, Representative Byrd, Representatives and Senators here today. This is truly a momentous time in our lives, being able to be a part of the process and we thank you so very much for being in Sarasota

I think the events over the past two weeks have really changed our nation, have changed the debate, if you will. It doesn't appear the debate is there. We are now united as one country. These past few weeks we've seen shark attacks, red tide attacks, tropical storms in our area. I'm here to report that Sarasota County, Manatee County, are alive and well and ready to move forward. Thank you so much for being here.

REPRESENTATIVE BYRD: Thank, Mr. Chairman. Now at this time, ladies and gentlemen, I'll recognize George Meros who is a member of the House legal team to give us a brief legal presentation. Attorney Meros, you are recognized.

MR. MEROS: Thank you, Mr. Chairman, members. Again, my name is George Meros. Gray, Harris, and Robinson. It is my honor to serve as cocounsel for the House of Representatives on matters of redistricting. I'm here together with my colleague, Senator Jim Scott, counsel for

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Legislature, I look forward to working with all of you on this historic and important task.

At this time, I would like to ask -- well, before we get into the legal presentation, we have the Secretary of State is here, Katherine Harris. We'd like to ask you and recognize you maybe to say hello to the public hearing. You're recognized. Good morning.

(Applause.)

SECRETARY HARRIS: Chairman Byrd, and Chairman Webster, distinguished members of the panel, thank you so very much for being in Sarasota. As you know, the Constitution mandates that I have a residence in Tallahassee, but Sarasota is my home. On behalf of all my friends and neighborhoods and my community, we welcome you

I want to publicly express my deepest appreciation for this unprecedented outreach, the openness that you are doing throughout the state to bring this process to the people. We are immensely grateful and we commend you for doing this, for listening to us before you make your decision. I believe this is truly representative government. So I just welcome you as a member of this community and thank you so very much for choosing to be here in Sarasota. Thank you. REPRESENTATIVE BYRD: Thank you, Madam Secretary. We the Florida Senate. I will give you today simply a brief overview of the law regarding reapportionment and redistricting both for the benefit of the members and the benefit of the public.

The presentation is not comprehensive. It is intended to give simply an introduction to some of the many complex issues that will guide your decisions during this process. Reapportionment and redistricting is the process of dividing residents of a jurisdiction, in this case the entire state, into electoral districts or seats. Redistricting is a Constitutional requirement both under the Florida Constitution and Federal Constitution that must be done every ten years after the decennial census.

Florida's population has increased substantially in the last ten years. And because of that, our Congressional delegation has increased and we will have 25 members of Congress and it will of course be this Legislature's responsibility to create those Congressional districts.

With regard to state districts for the State House and State Senate, the Legislature will be charged with the duty to divide the state into 40 State Senate districts and 120 State House of Representative districts, though under the Constitution the Legislature could, if it chose, divide the state into as few as 30 Senate districts and as few as 80 House districts.

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The Constitution requires that the House and Senate districts be consecutively numbered and of either contiguous, overlapping or identical territory. The public hearing process commences the process of the redistricting task that you have. It will be followed by legislative hearings of course this fall and the regular session next year. The regular session of course ends in March of 2002.

The legislative process regarding redistricting can, of course, be concluded in the regular session in March of 2002 but it does not have to. The Constitution provides for additional sessions and review processes depending upon the circumstances that occur. Some of these are somewhat complex but I want to talk about some of the time lines.

For example, the Constitution requires that if a plan for state apportionment is not completed during the regular session that the Governor will reconvene the Legislature in a special session that shall not exceed 30 consecutive days. With regard to Congressional redistricting, if during the regular or special session a Congressional plan is adopted, the Governor has the opportunity to veto or to approve that plan.

Under Section 5 of the Voting Rights Act, which we will discuss in a little bit more detail, that plan will be subject to review by the Justice Department, by the Attorney General's Office or by the District Court for

briefly. This Legislature is guided primarily by the adoption of one person, one vote and also by the requirement of the United States Constitution, the Equal Protection Clause and the Voting Rights Act. The doctrine or concept of one person, one vote arose out of decisions in the 1960s in which the U.S. Supreme Court invalidated a number of plans around the country where there was a great disparity in population among districts. The court found that it was unconstitutional and in deprivation of one's right to vote if some districts -- many had 150,000 people in them and other districts had 50,000 people in them -- the concept there was some persons' votes counted for more than others.

And the essence of the one person, one vote standard is there should be a general equality in population in the districts. Not mathematically perfect, but reasonably close with as small a deviation as possible. There is a difference in the permissible deviation in population among Congressional districts and state districts. With regard to Congressional districts the courts require that the population deviation be as minimal as possible, typically less than 1 percent. And deviation is based on the concept of an ideal district size.

For example, in the case of Florida, what you would do to determine the ideal district size for the Congressional

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the -- the United States District Court for the District of Columbia because Florida, five jurisdictions, five counties within Florida, are covered by Section 5 of the Voting Rights Act.

Now with respect to the Senate and House seats in Florida, if the Legislature adopts a redistricting plan, 15 days thereafter the Attorney General must petition the Florida Supreme Court to review the plan and determine whether the plan is valid in whole or in part.

If the Supreme Court were to declare the plan invalid, then the Constitution mandates that within five days the Governor would reconvene the Legislature in an extraordinary session of no more than 15 days during which it would be the responsibility of the Legislature to adopt a plan consistent with the Supreme Court's opinion and mandate.

Assuming that during the regular and special sessions a redistricting plan is not adopted, both during regular and special sessions, then the Attorney General must then petition the Florida Supreme Court to take jurisdiction of the cause and to draw a state plan itself. And then within 60 days of that process the Supreme Court would come up with a plan. And, again, with regard to the state plan, there will be a Section 5 preclearance review.

A couple of redistricting principles to talk about

seats is divide the number of Congressional seats, 25, into

2 the population of Florida which would result in the ideal

population for each Congressional district. The various
 districts then must be within 1 percent deviation among

5 each other to satisfy the one person, one vote standard.

6 With regard to state legislative districts, a total

deviation of up to 10 percent is presumptively legal if
 there are reasons for a greater deviation.

A couple of other important factors and fundamentally, Section 2 of the Voting Rights Act, the Federal Voting Rights Act, that law prohibits any practice or procedure including redistricting plans that impair the ability of the minority community to elect candidates of choice on an equal basis with nonminority persons or communities. Section 5 of the Voting Rights Act, we've talked about before, is a process by which any electoral change including redistricting requires clearance by the federal government either by the United States District Court or the Attorney General prior to its implementation.

There are five counties in Florida that are covered by Section 5 of the Voting Rights Act. Those counties are Collier, Hardee, Hendry, Hillsborough, and Monroe Counties. Preclearance is obtained if the Attorney General does not contest or object to a plan within 60 days of submission or, in fact, approves the plan. The burden on the state or

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on the jurisdictions in that process is to show that the redistricting plans do not have the purpose and will not have the effect of denying or abridging the right to vote on account of race or color or minority or language minority group. That Section 5 analysis is also to some extent called a retrogression analysis.

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Mr. Chairman, and members, these are simply some of the concepts and principles. We look forward to working with you through the process in developing these and making these real. Thank you.

REPRESENTATIVE BYRD: Thank you, Attorney Meros. Ladies and gentlemen, we're going to take a little deviation here and we have some special guests that are joining us as you can see. We have some students from Booker High School, government honor students.

(Pause.) MS. SANDERS: Thank you for letting us join you today. I'm Nancy Sanders from Booker High School and these are my honors government students that I brought with me today. And they thought it would be very special if you would allow them to sing the national anthem, particularly in view of not only the events of the past week but to show their spirit, to show the fact they are behind the country.

So often you hear bad things about young people and I'm here to make you know or let you know that most of County experienced the fastest rate of growth in the state of Florida with a 73.6 percent rate. The five fastest growing counties in terms of percentage rate of growth are Flagler, Sumpter, Collier, Wakulla and Osceola Counties.

Jacksonville remains Florida's most populous city. Population of about 735,000. Jacksonville, Miami, Tampa, St. Petersburg and Hialeah are Florida's five most populous cities. Minority population in Florida, as a result of our growth, the African-American population in Florida has grown from 13.6 percent in 1990 to 14.6 in the state population in the year 2000. The Hispanic population has surpassed the African-American population as Florida's largest minority with a percentage of 16.8 percent of the state population.

Median age in Florida has risen over the past ten years according to the 2000 census. The median age in the state of Florida is 38.7 years. Our most valuable resource are seniors age 65-plus. According to the 2000 census we have just over 2.8 million Floridians that are age 65 and above. This is an increase of over 400,000 since the 1990 census. But the overall percentage of the state's population age 65 and above has decreased from 18.3 to 17.6 percent.

As Mr. Meros touched on briefly, each State House, State Senate, and Congressional district will have ideal

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these kids that you hear about are really good kids. So we

wanted to take that opportunity. Also, thank you for

3 having the public hearings around the state. Because the

very fact that we are in this country, able to have public

4 5 meetings speaks so much for itself and about the way of

6 life we're trying to protect. Thank you very much.

REPRESENTATIVE BYRD: Thank you. You're recognized and let's all stand.

(National anthem.)

REPRESENTATIVE BYRD: Thank you. Now we'll have Todd

11 Thomson, the staff director of the House Redistricting

12 Committee to give us a brief overview of census data.

13 You're recognized, Mr. Thomson.

> MR. THOMSON: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. Today I'd like to give you a brief overview of Florida's census and then a

brief overview of the Sarasota area census. 16

> Florida's population is now just under 16 million people. This is growth of just over 3 million over the

19 1990 census and Florida has grown at a rate of roughly 23.5

20 percent. As a result of this growth, Florida gained two

21 new Congressional seats and we now have a total of 25, an

22 increase over 23 from 1990.

23 Miami-Dade County is Florida's most populous county.

24 The five most populous counties are listed; Miami-Dade,

Broward, Palm Beach, Hillsborough and Pinellas. Flagler

population and these populations have grown after the past ten years. In 1990 an ideal State House district would

3 have about 108,000 people per district. In the year 2000, 4

that has grown to just over 133,000 people per House 5 district.

> A State Senate district in 1990 would have about 323,500 people per State Senate district. In 2000, each State Senate district will have an ideal population of about 400,000. And in 1990 each Congressional district had a population of 562,518. For redistricting in 2002, each Congressional district will have a population of around 639,295.

Now I'll give an overview of Sarasota County and the surrounding area. According to the 2000 census, Sarasota County's population was just over 325,000. That's an increase of 17.3 percent and the city of Sarasota has a population of 52,715. Hardee County has a population of just under 27,000 according to the 2000 census. This is an increase of 38.2 percent over 1990.

Charlotte County to the south, according to the 2000 census, has a population of 141,627. This is an increase of 27.6 percent over 1990. Manatee County, directly to the north, population of just over 264,000. This is an increase of 24.7 percent over 1990. And DeSoto County, according to the 2000 census, DeSoto County's population is

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at 32,209. This is an increase of 35 percent over 1990.

All this information and more can be found at the House and Senate redistricting web sites which is found on the sheets at the sign-in table. Thank you.

REPRESENTATIVE BYRD: Thank you, Mr. Thomson. Now we'll move to the public testimony portion of the hearing and we're going to take Number 22 because of some circumstances. Number 22, Mr. Boone, first. If you could come up. Welcome to the public hearing.

MR. BOONE: Thank you, Mr. Chairman, members of the committee. And, again, thank you very much for coming to Sarasota and Sarasota County. My name is Jeffrey Boone. I'm a resident of Venice in Sarasota County. I'm here speaking both on behalf of the Venice Area Chamber of Commerce, I'm the immediate past president of the Venice Area Chamber of Commerce, I'm also speaking individually. I've been a resident of Venice and Sarasota County since 1958.

I am here to express our request that Senator

I am here to express our request that Senator Carlton's Senate district be left as is. It's been very effective, that district, over the past decade in serving the needs of Sarasota County and certainly it looks like from the statistical data that that district could be left as is without any real effect one way or the other in the overall balance as required in the redistricting process. there would be -- should not appear to be any problem with maintaining the status quo in that regard.

I've mentioned to some of you-all that maybe don't know, Charlotte Harbor is, as I understand it, even larger than Tampa Bay as far as a water body area. It's a significant environmental resource. It's in Charlotte County but the southern half of Sarasota County is very much connected, if you will, in several ways to Charlotte Harbor. And it's just essential, we believe, that the District 71 stay as is along with House District 70.

With regard to our Congressional district, District 13, that's Representative Dan Miller's district, it would also be the Chamber's position and mine individually as well that that district remain as it is currently constituted.

One final thing and just philosophically addressing this to all of you-all. I'm an attorney. I understand how the redistricting process works. When you-all return to Tallahassee and go through this process, I would respectfully request that the House and the Senate keep in mind one of the things that the President said last night. I thought that was a remarkable speech that our President gave to our country. And he pointed out that what the terrorists really hate about us more than anything else is the fact that we elect our leaders. We do not have

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Our two -- again, in the Venice area, our two -- we're actually served by two State House districts, District 70 currently served by Representative Detert and District 71 currently served by Representative Paul. This has also worked very well for our area, the Venice area, over the past decade.

Sarasota County, geographically -- the city of Sarasota and the unincorporated area of Sarasota really represents the north half of Sarasota County. The southern half of Sarasota County is made up of incorporated Sarasota County but also the cities of Venice and North Port as well as the unincorporated but -- the community, if you will, of Englewood. Those three communities share a number of common concerns, a number of common issues. And with the State House District 71, it has been -- served our communities very well for those three areas I've talked about, Venice, North Port, and Englewood, along with the Charlotte County communities to be able to have a voice in Tallahassee.

Carlton served originally as a Representative of House District 70. And our two Representatives, if you will, have really done a good job of serving us in Tallahassee. And, again, from looking at the numbers on the back table of how the census is broken down, it does not appear that

And there has been no problem at all with -- Senator

appointed leaders. We are a government of the people.

2 And I certainly don't need to remind you-all of this,

but please remember, if you will, that when you return to
 Tallahassee and go through the redistricting debates, you

5 will be at the foundation level going through the process

that the terrorists hate of us the most. I have an uncle
 who's buried in the U.S. Military Cemetery in Liege.

who's buried in the U.S. Military Cemetery in Liege,
 Belgium. He gave his life during World War II. And for

9 him and all people since that time, and unfortunately it

10 looks like in the future, I respectfully request that in

11 honor of them and all that have served that you-all please

keep that in mind. Thank you very much.REPRESENTATIVE BYRD: Thank you

REPRESENTATIVE BYRD: Thank you. Now we'll go to card Number 1. In the lower right-hand corner of your card is a number. So speaker Number 1. Number 1.

MR. CAPASSO: Good morning.

17 REPRESENTATIVE BYRD: Welcome to the public hearing.

18 MR. CAPASSO: Thank you. My name is Lane Capasso and

19 I'm the current president of the Englewood Area Chamber of

20 Commerce and I welcome the opportunity to speak to you and

21 I appreciate it. I'm here specifically to talk about

Congressional Districts 71 and 74. And look at the map,

the second one in, will tell you what I want to talk about,

the yellow and the purple areas on that.

25 I'm speaking for our 780 some-odd members and also our

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boards of directors. Englewood is a community about
30 miles south of where we're sitting right now. And it is
a divided community, divided by county lines, it is divided
by phone companies, it is divided by fire department, it is
divided by, on and on and on. Water districts, we could
just go on and on and on.

And I feel it is time that you have the opportunity to at least unite us on one thing. And I would like to see Englewood fall under one district, Jerry Paul's, and District 71, and make this your chance to bring Englewood under this one community. And I have a resolution from our Chamber of Commerce to that effect. I'll leave it in the back. I'll give it to someone emphasizing that. Thank you very much for your time. Thank you.

very much for your time. Thank you.
 REPRESENTATIVE BYRD: Thank you. Speaker Number 2.
 DR. COY: Good morning, ladies and gentlemen, I'm
 Dr. Bill Coy, from Rotonda, Charlotte County. Jeff Boone
 talked about the Charlotte Harbor. It, indeed, is a
 significant tributary. I'm going to talk today a little

bit about House Districts 71 and 74. And I'm a member and
 past chair of the Englewood Area Planning and Advisory
 Board. I'm chair of the government relations committee of

Board. I'm chair of the government relations committee of the Englewood Chamber of Commerce. Today I'm going to

speak as chair of the west Charlotte County Civic

25 Association. That's a consortium of 28 homeowners'

four years. I'm within walking distance to the city of North Port.

My experience has been past executive director for the North Port Chamber of Commerce and the past president for the Englewood Chamber of Commerce. I've also worked in the health care field with Englewood Community Hospital which serves also North Port, Englewood, and South Venice. I'm now with the Sun Coast Humane Society which serves the area from Osprey down to the Elgibane Bridge (phonetic) and also through North Port. So I'm familiar and have been very active in these three communities for 14 years.

I'm speaking today on behalf of the Government Affairs Committee for the Englewood Chamber of Commerce and we're asking — actually, I have two requests for your consideration. The Government Affairs Committee is asking that state legislative District 71 please include Rotonda, Cape Haze, Boca Grande, and Manasota Key areas which are currently included in District 74.

Geographically, these areas are more contiguous to the Englewood community and its issues than they are to District 74 which is predominantly located two counties south. We have found over the years that this results in the Representative being inaccessible and unfamiliar with the issues of District 71. Rotonda, Cape Haze, Boca Grande, and Manasota Key share transportation, economic

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associations, been in business since 1957 representing about 18,000 people on the Cape Haze peninsula.

What is the Cape Haze peninsula? The Cape Haze peninsula generally in our minds runs from south Venice all the way down to Boca Grande and including Boca Grande. To the east is, of course, the Charlotte Harbor and to the west in the Gulf of Mexico. We include the barrier islands in this. We're very anxious to consider this as a region rather than anything.

And with that in mind, we would not like to have the Cape Haze peninsula area as we know it divided between 71 and 74. Seventy-one is -- has been very instrumental in this as well as 74. And we appreciate both of our House of Representatives doing their job. I think it would be a little bit easier and having talked with Jeff Kottkamp, the fragments that he has along the Cape Haze peninsula perhaps would make it easier for him if he went over into 71 or that area of his own, 71. So with all that said, I wish to have all the Cape Haze peninsula in District 71. Thank you.

REPRESENTATIVE BYRD: Thank you. Number 3.

MS. EDMUNDSON: Good morning. Thank you for being here. It really does make a big difference for us in south county. My name is Nita Edmundson. I have lived in North Port for ten years and I've lived in Englewood for the last

development, health care issues, emergency management issues with the Englewood community. So the first request is basically that we incorporate those areas, the Rotonda, the Cape Haze peninsula, Manasota Key in District 71.

The second request, in speaking for North Port and Englewood, is that none of North Port be removed from District 71 and we understand the issues in allocating apportionment equally but that is a concern for us. The Englewood community is unincorporated and located in Sarasota and Charlotte Counties. However, North Port is incorporated in Sarasota County and abuts the Englewood community and we share the fire and flood control, our health and human service needs are all one and the same.

So we feel that any portion of North Port divided or removed from District 71 will greatly affect our communication efforts with our State Representative. So thank you very much.

REPRESENTATIVE BYRD: Thank you. Number 4.
MS. HAYES: Good morning. Good morning, Senate
Chairman Webster, House Chairman Byrd, all the House
members and Senators, just so glad to be here this morning.
My name is Donna Hayes and I'm the immediate past chairman
of the Republican party, Manatee County. And I'm speaking
to you on behalf of the Republican party as well as a
private citizen of Manatee County.

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Before I begin, I first want to take a moment to thank the Republican control Florida Legislature for providing this opportunity during which the public has a forum to address the local issues. Since each county understands its needs and concerns best, this public hearing should prove to be most beneficial to the decision process. In addition, it's a new experience to see so many of you here this morning. This has not been the case in the past.

You've been holding open meetings and hearings with maps and software available to the public in various state locations and providing an opportunity to the public. The Republican controlled Legislature deserves to be complimented and I do congratulate you.

Since Manatee County is bordered to the north by a very large body of water and a huge bridge, the Sunshine Skyway, it makes great sense for us to associate ourselves with Sarasota County to the south. Sarasota and Manatee Counties have very similar concerns such as environment, tourism, education, senior citizen population as well as a shared airport. Therefore, when the boundaries are drawn I would urge you to continue this association. In my past position as chairman of the Manatee Republican party, I've had numerous occasions to refer residents to U.S. Congressman Dan Miller's office.

Since the Congressman represents all of Manatee County

Since Manatee County experienced a 24.7 percent increase in growth during the past ten years, it is imperative that we have at least one House district that represents only Manatee County.

REPRESENTATIVE BYRD: You have 15 seconds.

MS. HAYES: In closing, when the committee considers combining Manatee County with another county, I urge you to strongly consider not only the similarities with Sarasota but also the proven record of cooperation and progress during the last ten years.

Thank you from this opportunity to address the committee and I want to leave by saying just one last thing. We are happy just the way things are. Thank you. REPRESENTATIVE BYRD: Thank you. Number 5.

MR. LACHEN: Thank you, Mr. Chairman, and honorable committee members. We're glad you're here under such difficult times in our nation's history. I'm Jim Lachen. I'm chairman of the Manatee County Democratic party. The loyal opposition to the previous speaker. (Laughter.)

I'm a lifelong resident of Manatee County, born and raised there and been a Democrat all my life. The Manatee County Democratic Executive Committee will not be presenting you with maps but at this time will be advising you of our opinions on how our district should be changed.

First, the 13th Congressional District, we believe

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he understands the concerns of our county in the area of environment, veteran issues, education, transportation and many, many other concerns. By keeping our county under one Congressman in District 13, unity prevails and common concerns surface.

Legislators, I urge you not to combine our concerns with the county to the north or to the east and possibly blending our representation. Likewise, Manatee County enjoys having most of our county in the same Florida Senate district. Senator McKay has always attended to our needs and has been available to listen to us. Again, our concerns are similar to Sarasota rather than a more urban county.

Manatee County Senate District 21 already includes Hillsborough. There is no need to put a third county into Senate District 26. In Manatee County there are three House districts representing us. Although two of the House districts represent other counties as well as Manatee County, District 68 is comprised of only Manatee County. Representative Mark Flanagan serves as House member in that district and he has always been concerned with local issues regardless of which district you did reside. He knows the concerns of his constituents in the area of transportation, education, environment, even local issues like building heights and other issues as well.

that presently as set up it does not meet the requirements that the courts have set forth since the last redistricting. The court has said that an important factor in redistricting is the socioeconomics of the reason is very important. Here are some of the reasons we believe that our county should be placed in a different Congressional district. Manatee County's population is made up of people whose average age is older than some in the southern counties are.

The average income of the working population is also lower. Manatee County has a strong interest in Tampa Bay as we share a coastline with our north counties. We are an active member of the Tampa Bay Regional Planning Council and we have a very active port at Port Manatee which services crew ships as well as general cargo vessels.

Manatee County has a large investment in agricultural needs such as tomatoes, citrus, and livestock where counties to our south do not necessarily have that. Our industrial base is a blend of diverse industries with Tropicana products as the largest. Where Tropicana is in the citrus industry, we have a strong boat manufacturing industry with Wellcraft Marine being the largest.

We also share with our northern counties phosphate mining. Our neighbors to the south do not have concerns in their needs. For this reason, we believe the counties

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should be placed in a Congressional district that meets these needs. It is our belief the district should be centered on the area of that of State Senate District 26 of Senator McKay.

It is our belief that the State Senate District 26 meets the new requirements that the court has set down. The districts should then be expanded to the east and north to meet the population requirements and the socioeconomic needs of the district. This configuration is similar to our previous Congressional district history in which we were included with Hardee and DeSoto Counties and Polk.

Having stated my feelings on a Congressional district, we believe the State Senate district, District 26, is in good shape and should stay the way it is presently configured. We believe that it meets all the needs of the court's requirements. The House districts that are in Manatee County are 55, 67, and 68. Two of these districts do not meet the new population requirements by being short, 55 and 68, while the third is overpopulated, 67.

We believe this could be remedied by expanding the two underpopulated districts into the overpopulated district. It would meet the socioeconomic needs by moving 68 to the south and 55 more into the city of Braden (sic). District 7 then would cover the eastern portion of the county.

District 70, this district needs almost 7,000 residents added. We believe these districts should come from the districts to the south of District 70.

Senate District 26, this district needs more than 8,000 residents. We believe the district should be expanded to the east. Congressional District 13, the Chamber believes it is in the best interest of both Manatee and Sarasota Counties to keep these counties within the same Congressional district. We are one large economic marketplace. We work closely together. We have vital interests, similar. And it's very important that we stay together. Thank you very much.

REPRESENTATIVE BYRD: Thank you. Number 7.
MS. WRIGHT: Thank you. My name is Glenda Wright and I serve as Congressman Dan Miller's chief of staff and district director. Mr. Miller could not be here today and asked me to deliver the following statement from him.

I would like to thank the leadership of the Florida
State Legislature for offering these hearings early enough
in the process to get public input prior to the actual work
of drawing new State and Congressional district lines.
Hearings such as this will help show those murdering
terrorists that democracy will not be defeated.

It has been my pleasure to represent all of Manatee and Sarasota Counties in Congress since 1992. I also

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We at the Manatee Democratic party know that this committee will be fair and open to the public as possible in this process. We hope that you will take our thoughts into your deliberations and give them careful considerations. If you have any questions, I'd be glad to answer them. Thank you for your time and deliberations.

REPRESENTATIVE BYRD: Thank you. Speaker Number 6.

MR. RICHARDS: Good morning. My name is Rex Richards. I'm president of the Greater Sarasota Chamber of Commerce. With me this morning is Bill Couch, our senior vice president of public affairs.

As redistricting takes place in Sarasota County we need to assure the citizens that reasonable and cohesive Congressional Florida House and Florida Senate districts emerge. It is not in the best interest of either political party or the citizens of Sarasota County to be linked with the predominantly Democratic districts in other parts of the state. This will only spread out the majority of Republican votes that Sarasota County has and could result in distorted districts statewide.

Here are some specific suggestions that could guide you. Florida House District 69, this district needs almost 18,000 residents added. We believe it is in Sarasota County's best interest to expand District 69 to the east to include precincts currently in District 67. Florida House

represent a small part of Charlotte and Hillsborough Counties. A member of Congress must be able to stand on the floor of the House and talk about issues that relate directly to his or her constituency. In order to do that effectively, a Congressional district must have communities of similar interest, and the current Congressional district meets that criteria.

People in District 13 travel throughout the district to work, attend social and cultural events, attend school, and participate in community service projects. It is essential that both Manatee and Sarasota Counties remain intact individually in a new Congressional district. Of equal importance is the need for the Congressional district to remain virtually unchanged. The population figures support this concept since the number of people, a new district would have to give up is very small.

Here are a few of the hundreds of federal issues that affect Manatee and Sarasota jointly: Longboat Key. This world-famous beach community straddles two counties. Federal issues of tourism, beach renourishment, and FEMA coordination are seamless between the counties. If parts of Longboat Key are in different Congressional districts, it will hamper coordination, perhaps at a time of extreme emergency.

Sarasota/Bradenton Airport. This airport also

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straddles two counties. There are numerous federal issues that are addressed at the Congressional level. I believe it is very important to keep both communities in the same district to provide continuity. In light of the recent tragedy, it is even more important than ever that the airport be represented by one member of Congress.

Water quality issues. The current 13th District is essentially a Gulf Coast community with a united front against threats to drinking water from phosphate mining and sugar development. Rumors of stretching the district east/west cause concern about pitting areas of the district against each other which would hamper the effectiveness of a member of Congress.

Economic development. The federal government has long recognized the fact that Sarasota and Manatee are joined at the hip. The Census Bureau classifies this area as the Sarasota/Bradenton metropolitan statistical area. It is a recognition of the strong bond between the communities. As a matter of fact, it was this data that helped Bradenton earn the recognition as the best place to live in America by Money magazine.

Statistics show that migration from Sarasota to Manatee County and vice versa is over five times greater than migration to counties north of Manatee County. There is a synergy between the two counties with regards to arts your panel. My name is Rue Berryman, Chairman of the North Port City Commission. I've lived in North Port since '87. I've owned property since '79, having retired from the federal government after 40 years, and I see a lot of growth in this area and we're going to continue to be growing. All the districts will be growing and expanding of course. This is one of the greatest places, I think, in the country right now to be showing growth. And we're going to continue to grow.

MR. BERRYMAN: Good morning, Mr. Chairman, members of

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I would like to see the people stay the way they are. Representative Detert, Representative Paul, they're doing an outstanding job of what they have to do and with the way they continue to do. And Senator Carlton with her work she's doing, we need to continue those efforts like we're doing right now. And I would like to just hope and pray that we continue to do that.

With the country faced with a disaster that took place in New York and Washington, D.C. just on the 11th of this month, this country is in real trouble, I would imagine, to get the country rolling again, our economy built up again. And listening to the President last night, we've all got to come together as a group, work together, hold our heads high. We're proud to be Americans in this country and every one of us needs to just put our shoulders to the

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and culture and this is an integral part of our economy.

Our two counties grew up together and we share the bond of

the growing pangs of the last industry. In fact, the

counties were one until the 1920s.

The south campus of the University of South Florida, where we are, the largest growing university in our county, sits on the borderline of Sarasota and Manatee Counties. In the interest of time --

(Timer rang.)

Bingo. (Laughter.) In the interest of time, I have cited only a few of the numerous issues in which Sarasota and Manatee share a common philosophy and voice. My constituents had expressed a strong desire to keep the district intact and I could not agree more. When you are drawing the lines for the Congressional district that includes our area, please consider these comments and my fervent request that Manatee and Sarasota Counties remain whole and in the same Congressional district. It is to the advantage of all concerned on the Federal level, the State level, and most important, on the level of our constituents, that we keep our family together. Thank you. REPRESENTATIVE BYRD: Thank you. Number 8. MS. BERRYMAN: My concerns have already been covered. Thank you. REPRESENTATIVE BYRD: Thank you. Number 9.

wheel and just do more work than we're doing. And with the work that's being done right now, I ask you to continue the way you're doing it. And I thank you for the opportunity to speak this morning.

REPRESENTATIVE BYRD: Thank you. Number 10. MR. KICHEN: Good morning, Mr. Chairman. My name is Lee Kichen. I am the president of the Sarasota County Veterans' Commission which is an umbrella group of the country's veterans' service organization, military and patriotic associations.

From a veteran's standpoint, I believe that Manatee and Sarasota Counties should remain in the same Congressional district. As stated earlier, these counties have a large senior citizen population. The veteran population does, in fact, mirror those demographics. In Manatee County there are over 33,000 veterans receiving benefits from the Federal Department of Veterans Affairs. Sarasota County has 51,000 receiving benefits. The annual amount of these federal benefits exceed over \$70 million.

In addition to these recipients, we estimate there are another 70,000 veterans or their survivors who are potential recipients of federal dollars. On top of that number, there are over 5,000 military retirees in the bi-county area. These two counties have the largest per capita population of elderly veterans in the nation. Our

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veteran population is overwhelmingly representative of the World War II and Korean War eras.

As a consequence, these organizations, the organization which I represent today, have worked tirelessly at a regional level to secure veterans' benefits and services. Recent history shows that through the efforts of a single Congressional office we have been able to secure VA outpatient clinics for both Sarasota and Manatee Counties. In addition to serving those who served America, these clinics bring nearly \$3 million of federal expenditures to the local economy.

Most recently, the veterans of communities of Sarasota and Manatee County came together to work for a regional state veterans' nursing home which will be built in part by federal nursing home grant dollars in Charlotte County. The next logical step will be a full-service regional specialty clinic in the bi-county area and we have been working tirelessly with the staff of the 13th Congressional District.

In the past three years, Sarasota County Veterans' Commission and the Manatee County Veterans' Council have met in a joint session with Congressman Miller and his staff. These sessions have been extraordinarily productive for all. In securing federal benefits and services for this area, we believe that regionalism works and should

is east of I-75 and is one of the fastest-growing areas in the state and is definitely the fastest-growing area in Manatee or nearby Sarasota County. Indeed, since the 1990 census, the areas east of I-75 have grown from a population of 16,295 to 34,225 as reported in the 2000 census.

In fact, in the 5,500 acres of Lakewood Ranch alone, there are 4,861 residents, 28 percent of whom are under the age of 18. I feel it is vitally important for those of us in this rapidly-growing area to maintain our Florida House district. We need strong leadership in this area to monitor the growth and the needs rapid growth might require. There are lands use, road improvement, education, environmental issues before our current Legislature. And without resident representation, it is possible our concerns and needs will not be met.

Although some of the areas with rapid growth are actually in Sarasota County, the bulk of this new growth is centered in Manatee. Perhaps this explains why, according to the 2000 census, Manatee County surpassed Sarasota for the first time in growth. And although some have referred to the east Manatee area as a bedroom community for the Tampa/St. Petersburg area, the 2000 census reported that only 10 percent of east county residents drive, as we call it, "over the bridge." Individuals may drive to a job, but they also drive back home.

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continue to work and we should continue to keep Sarasota and Manatee Counties in the same Congressional District.

Putting Sarasota and Manatee Counties into two separate districts denies reality and perception. Along the University Parkway corridor residents of Manatee County have Sarasota addresses. Many live in Sarasota County and work in Manatee County. Others live in Sarasota County and work in Manatee County.

Veterans living in one county, as an example, are members of veterans' organizations and military associations in the other county. You have a difficult task ahead of you. It is my hope that the current Congressional district remains intact. Thank you very much.

REPRESENTATIVE BYRD: Thank you. Number 11. MS. TUPPER: I'm just a concerned citizen and not as eloquent as some of the previous speakers. Good morning. My name is Mary Tupper and I'm a registered voter of Manatee County. I, like many others here, am concerned with the possible redistricting of Florida House Districts 67 and 68, Florida Senate District 26, and Congressional District 13.

I'm a resident of Florida House District 67 which represents eastern Manatee County. I am most concerned in keeping this representation. This area for the most part

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Residents of east Manatee County live, shop, play, go to church and school in east Manatee and they expect their Representatives to do the same. Many of the reasons I have mentioned concerning the importance of keeping Florida House District 67 in place are the same reasons I cite for keeping Congressional District 13 within its current boundaries.

Congressman Dan Miller and his office stand ready to assist in any manner, large or small. Congressman Miller has paid particular attention to the demographic makeup of the Manatee/Sarasota area, its minority populations as well as its diverse age groups and has made himself a friend to all of these groups. He has studied issues germane to the area taking into consideration its economic base as well as its constituents.

In addition to his much broader scope of duties, he's never too busy to assist with a small concern. As I told my son Brian once when Brian accompanied the Congressman to Washington, D.C. for a week of educational seminars, When a constituent comes to you, no concern is too small. Brian was impressed by that statement as was I.

But perhaps most impressive of all was the fact that Congressman Miller truly makes his statement a practice. That's the kind of relationship that is important to keep and that kind of relationship can only exist if the Page 42 Page 44

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- 1 Representative is a vital part of the area served.
- 2 Although I don't live in State Representative Mark
- 3 Flanagan's District 68, I am a resident of Bradenton, I
- 4 have called on him many times for assistance with a
- 5 particular problem or concern and have found he and his
- 6 office ready to assist. I also reside in Senator John
- 7 McKay's District 26 and have found him to be accessible and
- 8 his office ready to assist in rendering aid or advice. Let
- 9 me skip on here.

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10 REPRESENTATIVE BYRD: You have 30 seconds.

11 MS. TUPPER: Okay. Well, then let me just say, Then 12 let's keep everything the way it is because I'm perfectly

13 happy. Thank you very much.

REPRESENTATIVE BYRD: Thank you. Number 12.

15 MR. SORRELL: Good morning, Mr. Chairman, members of

the commission. My name is Bill Sorrell and I'm a member

of the Sarasota/Manatee Common Cause chapter. And if I

might be permitted a personal remark before I begin my

19 testimony, our national Common Cause president, Scott

20 Hoshbogger (phonetic), will be in Sarasota tomorrow morning

for a town meeting at the Selby Auditorium beginning at

22 10:00. And we certainly hope that anyone interested in

reform and better government will be there. It should be

very worthwhile.

Now you've heard testimony from Common Cause and the

government the way we want it run, or at least that's the way it's supposed to work.

So why don't we elevate politicians to the same level of perception as, say, athletes or musicians or actors? Could it be that sometimes they don't seem to be representing us at all but rather their own and other special interests? Maybe that's one reason so few of us don't even bother to vote anymore. How often we hear the lament, My vote doesn't mean anything, the candidate with the most money almost always wins and then they have to dance with the ones that brought them.

Now I don't mean to sound cynical, just disappointed and worried as our beloved democracy seems to be slipping away from us and at a time when we have never been more grateful to have the great good fortune to live in a democracy. And I do not point a finger at the politician or the contributor. They are simply playing according to the rules of the game. Common Cause is trying to change the rules.

In the meantime, how are we going to feel about your credibility when you've finished this redistricting process? Will we be saying, Well done. And, Thank you for representing us so well? Or will we see you looking out for yourself and your party first the way it has always been every ten years? And will you hear the people sigh

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1 League of Women Voters asking you to go about redistricting

2 the state in a fair and impartial manner, making the

3 process open to the public and the media, drawing compact

districts composed of contiguous territory and as equal in

population as possible. Districts that will not dilute the

voting strength of any racial, ethnic, or minority group,

will not favor any person or political party, and will be

single-member districts including 40 State Senate districts

and 120 State House districts.

As you know, Common Cause and the League of Women Voters are working to place two Constitutional amendments on the ballot for 2002. They would create an independent citizen-based commission responsible for reapportionment and setting standards that the Commission would follow in the redistricting process. This would eliminate the most serious flaw in the current system, the obvious conflict of interest that exists when the Legislature draws its own boundary lines.

I agree with everything in the petition that calls for those amendments except possibly the title, People Over Politics. Now I'm one of a possibly dwindling number of people who do not consider politics a dirty word and do not consider politicians a derogatory term. I think politics can and should be a noble profession. Politicians are, after all, those we choose to represent us and run our

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and say, It was the same old thing, politics as usual.

It's up to you. We will be watching and listening and

3 wishing you well.

REPRESENTATIVE BYRD: Thank you for coming. Ladies and gentlemen, we now have, I understand, the chairman of the Manatee County Commission who would like to say greetings to the public hearing. Welcome.

MR. McCLASH: Thank you. My name is Joe McClash. I'm the chairman of the County Commission of Manatee County. And we respect as far as somebody did a pretty good job about ten years ago and we kind of like things almost the way they are today. So we understand you have to do some adjustments. There's a lot of common threads that you've heard about -- between Sarasota and Manatee Counties. As a matter of fact, this is where we hold our metropolitan planning organization meetings where both Sarasota and Manatee Counties come together and serve the regional needs for transportation, allocate federal dollars. And so that's one part.

I'm also chairman of the West Coast Inland
Navigational District. This is a district that takes -Manatee County, Sarasota County, Charlotte County and Lee
County and I serve as chairman of that. And we provide for
the navigational needs which is also now the transportation
link very vital to our communities. The Peace River Water

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1 Supply Authority is another regional aspect that Sarasota,

Manatee, Charlotte, and DeSoto Counties have come together
 to jointly really try to take care of some of the water

to jointly really try to take care of some of the water needs. So, again, that common thread is there.

Natural Estuary Program, Sarasota Bay, is a Manatee County/Sarasota County program where it straddles both counties and is a federal program that's helped improved the water quality and really was an important step when both counties came together.

The airport, you've heard of the water supply actually where Manatee County sells about 10 million gallons or more a day to Sarasota County as a contract serving their growing needs. The area code, we just won a fight with the Public Service Commission, as you probably know, where the 941 area code will remain for Manatee, Sarasota, and Charlotte Counties, another common tie.

And when you look at the partnership for growth, we share a commonality along the borders with Sarasota and Manatee Counties and local roads and we really are one community and we hope that you respect that and those are my brief comments. And we thank you for being here today. REPRESENTATIVE BYRD: Thank you. Number 13.

REPRESENTATIVE BYRD: Thank you. Number 13.
 MR. EALAHAN: Mr. Chairman, members of the committee,
 good morning. My name is Bill Ealahan. I live in North
 Port, Florida. I'm also a member of North Port Economic

which includes Englewood. These areas have common concerns such as growth management, utilities expansion, storm water

3 drainage, annexation, transportation, and public safety.

4 Maintaining the present makeup of legislative District 71

5 as a core will help to facilitate cooperation between and

6 among the various political units that comprise legislative

7 District 71 as it is known today. Thank you for your

8 consideration of our request and we wish you goodwill and 9 good luck in your deliberations. Thank you.

REPRESENTATIVE BYRD: Thank you. Number 14. MR. MATTHEWS: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. I'm especially thankful to be here today presenting on behalf of the city of North Port and it shows and it proves that the business of America still goes on regardless of what happened September 11th.

My name is Gene Matthews and I've been a resident of North Port for 30 years. During those 30 years North Port has experienced a great number of changes. In the '60s and '70s North Port was known as North Port Charlotte and quite literally it was considered to be North Port Charlotte which is in Charlotte County and not Sarasota. In fact, when I first became a member of the school board, one of the managers asked me how I became a member of the Sarasota County School Board because North Port was in Charlotte County. That was a chilling thing for a resident of North

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Development Advisory Board, the Englewood Area Planning
 Advisory Board, the Sarasota County Community Action

Advisory Board. I've had some involvement as an advisor,

one of the high-paying jobs that one receives.

As I stated in my introduction, I'm a member and I live in North Port. And some people forget where North Port is. In fact, I don't know how many of you folks have been through, driven through, around North Port. But North Port is a place that's growing and growing tremendously. There are approximately, not approximately, the other day this figure from the Board of Elections, 14,581 registered voters in the city of North Port. That's 1300, almost 1400 voters registered, more than those in the city of Venice.

There are 4362 youngsters in grades K through 12 in the city of North Port. There are 1400 preschool kids in the city of North Port. The total population is 22,797. Projected to reach 32,000 by the year 2010. North Port is a part of District 71 and we are a rapidly-growing community as I just stated. And why am I here? I'm here to encourage you to maintain legislative District 71 as a core recognizing that Cape Haze has to be considered in the future and possibly become, hopefully become, a part of legislative District 71.

The present makeup of legislative District 71 involves Charlotte County, North Port, and south Sarasota County Port.

North Port was incorporated in 1959 with 23 citizens and a commission of five. And all the employees -- and they are all employees of General Development Corporation -- I'm sure many of you have heard of General Development. At that time North Port was a strong mayor form of government with little or no assets and relied almost entirely on the General Development Corp. for city services, we were a company town. Years later, referendum changed that and we became a manager-type government and then we started to reorganize.

Part of that reorganization was the fact that we can no longer be an island isolated in the south of Sarasota County. Next major event was the bankruptcy of the General Development Corporation causing a strangled-holded hat (sic) on North Port to disappear. When all the property GDC held on the block was sold off the free market system was now able to shape our future. You can see this as you drive down Toledo Bay, Sumpter Boulevard and along U.S. 41. The city now has two elementary schools, a new combination high school which just opened this August, by the way, with 18 portables.

In February 2002 there will be a groundbreaking for our new middle school just a few months away and a third elementary school will be opening in the year 2004. What

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does all this have to do with redistricting you're asking, right? This little history lessen. North Florida is striving to become part of Sarasota County as this is where our future lies. This city has been directed by others for so many years that has been held back from joining our greater Sarasota community. We cannot join this greater community if our state representation is from different areas with a different constituency and structure.

We are very disturbed to hear the possibility exists for North Port to be divided into two areas of representation. North Port is one of the most dynamic communities on the west coast of Florida and we feel it is not in the best interest of better government service to divide this community. We are adding over 1,000 homes a year in this small area.

To sum up, North Port wants its state representation to stay the same. North Port would like not to be a super minority constituency in any redistricting. District 71 works well with Jerry Paul. Our Senate district with Lisa Carlton works very well. And we are very happy and well served. North Port absolutely, and I say absolutely, does not want to be split as a community between two or more state Representatives. North Port needs one Representative voice in Tallahassee and be one with Sarasota County and its state Representatives. I thank you for this

southwest Florida with communities of interest shared commonly with their neighboring west coast counties and I'm certain that you will hear that position and you have heard that position expressed by many other speakers today.

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There will be other issues that arise similar to the ones that affect the Englewood area which is partially in Sarasota County and partially in Charlotte County. The Englewood community is divided between House Districts 71 and 74. The dividing line between these two districts does not coincide with the Sarasota/Charlotte County line nor any other political, geographical service. House District 71 is more compact geographically and confined to Sarasota and Charlotte Counties.

House District 74 is spread through small and/or less populous portions of Sarasota, Charlotte, and Lee Counties with a bulk of the population in Lee County. An example of this is -- the heart of that district is in Cape Coral, Honorable Jeff Kottkamp can vouch for it, and it goes all the way up to the Venice Airport through Englewood and it's really not a well-defined district. It would seem therefore that a redistricting scheme that would place the entire Englewood area consisting of the Cape Haze peninsula within a single House of Representative district would make the most sense.

And finally, I'd like to note on a recent Board of

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opportunity.

REPRESENTATIVE BYRD: Thank you. Number 15. MR. MILLS: Honorable Chairman, and members of the committee, again, I'm Dave Mills, chairman of the Board of County Commissioners, Sarasota County. Sarasota County respectfully urges the Florida Legislature to establish legislative and Congressional districts that keep southwest Florida counties aligned together with their contiguous west coast counties and communities of interests and not be included in Congressional districts that extend across Florida from Florida's southwest counties.

We consider the continued alignment of west coast counties to be in the best interest of the citizens of southwest Florida and specifically for Sarasota County for the following reasons: Sarasota and neighboring Manatee County have been included in Congressional District 13 and have been well served by Representatives elected to serve the district. Congressional District 13 has demonstrated that it is geographically compact and economically and politically cohesive with no history of thwarting minority group interest.

Existing District 13 respects existing political boundaries and shares topographical features designed with strict adherence to equal population, one person, one vote rule. Sarasota and Manatee Counties are located in

County Commissioners' meeting, Sarasota County adopted Resolution No. 2001-218 setting forth the position I've described to you today. I appreciate very much, again, your being here and the opportunity to speak. And tourism is down just a little bit in Sarasota County. If you could stay over for a few days, we'd love to have you. Thank you.

(Laughter.)

REPRESENTATIVE BYRD: Thank you. Number 16.
MS. MATHIS: Good morning. I'm Julie Mathis, the
executive director of the Charlotte County Chamber of
Commerce representing 1170 businesses with more than 15,000
employees. The Chamber's board of directors at its
August 25th meeting voted unanimously to request that you
consider redistricting plans that assure that southwest
Florida representatives to the Florida Legislature and the
U.S. Congress reside in southwest Florida.

Southwest Florida is a unique community. Our demographics indicate that we're a homogenous region encompassing a large population of senior citizens and we will continue to grow with aging baby boomers. Over the years communities in southwest Florida have developed a cooperative approach to reviewing and solving issues within our region. We work very well together on economic development, tourism, and transportation initiatives. We

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1 believe this cooperation can only be enhanced by preserving 2 local representation in the legislative bodies. Thank you.

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REPRESENTATIVE BYRD: Thank you. Number 17. (Pause.) Number 18.

MS. HORNE: I'm Nancy Horne from Manatee County speaking as a private citizen. And most of my points have been covered by other speakers so I won't go on with them. But I am in favor of a committee, bipartisan committee, being formed that does not favor one party or another. And I remember hearing Toni Jennings speak a year and a half ago and people were talking about this committee and she said, Now wait and watch us. I think we'll be very fair.

So we all are watching you and we hope you'll be very fair. And you do have an awesome responsibility. Thank you for being here today.

15 16 REPRESENTATIVE BYRD: Thank you. Number 19. 17 MR. MINNICH: Good morning. I'm Tom Minnich, chairman 18 of the Southwest County Alliance of Homeowners' 19 Associations representing 27 associations and probably 20 10,000 people in the Englewood area. I usually speak from 21 a prepared script but that's primarily because I sometimes 22 have difficulty remembering what I said exactly. So I'm 23

24 some of the areas that have not already been covered.

When Representative Jerry Paul from District 71 was

going to tell you a little story maybe that will include

74. The whole Englewood area should be out of District 74 and into District 71. Thank you.

REPRESENTATIVE BYRD: Thank you. Number 20. MR. CANTIN: Good morning. Thank you for coming to Sarasota. My name is Rich Cantin. I live in Sarasota. I work for the state in Venice. I am a member of the American Federation of State, County and Municipal Employees. I appreciate your holding this hearing, but am surprised that a group seeking public comment would schedule most of the hearings during the day when people who work hard for their families cannot attend. I took time off of work to attend.

My main request of you is that you hold hearings after you have completed a first draft of the new lines. With the dramatic changes in Florida's population, I won't have much specifically to comment on until I see what the lines may look like. You can be sure much of the public feels the same way.

Finally, although it's great that the new redistricting software is available, it's incredibly difficult to use. I would suggest that you hold seminars on using FREDS or provide simple instructions on the legislative web site. Without this sort of help, the software will be totally unusable for the majority of us who are not computer geniuses.

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running for office he was a frequent visitor to Alliance meetings and we got to like Jerry very much and still do. We discovered when we went to vote that Jerry wasn't on the ballot. We had Jeffrey Kottkamp, sitting up here, he was on our ballot from District 74. This came as quite a revelation to many of us as we discovered that Jeffrey was a resident of Cape Coral two counties away.

It seems that what happened is somehow District 74 kind of trickled down the Caloosahatchee River and over to the barrier islands. And once it got to the barrier islands it migrated northward, two counties northward, until it got to Manasota Key. At Manasota Key it turned right, took a 90-degree angle, went over and took a chunk out of the mainland and that chunk happened to be the Englewood area. We like Jeffrey Kottkamp, don't misunderstand me. But we also like local representatives and that's what we expected from Jerry Paul.

So what we're saying is Governor Jerry would have been very proud of that piece of work by moving up the barrier islands and salamandering that particular House district. We would like to be back in District 71 with local representation. We'd like to be able to twist Jerry's arm once in awhile because he's one of our neighbors. So if you'll just consider -- and we're happy with most everything else, but we would like to be out of District

Thank you for giving me this opportunity and I hope I

2 will have the chance to contribute after the preliminary 3 maps are drawn. Thank you. 4

REPRESENTATIVE BYRD: Number 21.

MS. GOODWIN: Good morning. I want to thank you for coming to Sarasota, Manatee Counties. My name is Jane Goodwin. I am a citizen of Sarasota County and very proud to be a citizen of the best community in the state. What a difference ten years can make in reapportionment. My compliments to all of you for the inclusiveness and the openness in making these decisions. I know they are not easy. But we'd like to make it as simple as possible. And the simplicity that I seek is to leave things as they are at least in this part of the state. If it's not broke, don't fix it.

There are some concerns to the northern part of our counties, Manatee and Sarasota I'm speaking of, of course, the Pinellas and Hillsborough Counties' area. There are some concerns to our west with the counties that are heavily agricultural and have an interest, an area of interest, with other like-minded counties. We have some concerns with the rapid growth in Collier, Naples and south

But in the basics of Sarasota/Manatee County, we really wish from an organizational, from a business, and

Page 58 1 from a service standpoint, to leave those counties 2 together. Leave the Congressional, leave the Senate, leave 3 the House reps as they are now. And for the most part, I 4 would hope, again, that after preliminaries are completed 5 we have an opportunity to speak again. God bless you-all. 6 Thank you for coming. 7 REPRESENTATIVE BYRD: Number 23. 8 MR. KARR: Good morning, Mr. Chairman, members of the 9 committee. Thank you for being here. I'd like to thank 10 Wilma Hamilton as well and Nancy Saunders for bringing the 11 students from Booker. That's fantastic that they can 12 participate in this activity. 13 My name is Doug Karr. I'm a citizen of Sarasota 14 County. I'm here today to, I guess, speak in advocacy for 15 the expansion of House District 69, Representative Clark's. 16 I understand that she is underserved by approximately 17 18,000 voters at this time. I would encourage the 18 committee to consider moving her district westward to 19 include the city of Sarasota, St. Armond (phonetic) Circle,

Other than that, I would also encourage you to keep the congressional district in place. It serves us well. Congressman Miller serves us well. Thank you very much.

Bird Key, and possibly also to consider those Sarasota

addresses which sit on the north part of the county line

but not directly in the county.

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Carlton's Senate district to come down into Charlotte

2 County and encompass all of Charlotte County. If that

can't happen, please don't put us in another Senate

4 district that's based on the other coast of Florida. That

doesn't serve our needs at all. And as far as a

6 Congressional district, we'd like to be in one

Congressional district instead of two. And I thank you for

your time.

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REPRESENTATIVE BYRD: Thank you very much. That concludes the public testimony portion of the meeting. There are two others. If you'd complete a card. (Pause.) You're recognized.

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DR. FERRARA: Thank you. Good morning. I'm Dr. Joseph Ferrara. I've been in Sarasota since 1974. I have a mental health practice, family mental health practice and I'd like to thank you and thank these people for showing up. There is somebody else I want to thank. I want to thank our national founders. We opened this meeting with the Pledge of Allegiance. We sang our national anthem. We recognize our ancestors. They fought to free us from a king and kept us from being subjects to the king.

They fought also to free us from any religious, cult or church denomination, any priesthood. Thus, we have separation of church and state. They also fought and gave

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REPRESENTATIVE BYRD: Thank you. Number 24.

MS. FARRELL: Good morning. I too would like to thank you for coming to Sarasota and for giving us the

opportunity to speak to you as a group of legislators.

I'm Elva Farrell. I am here as a private citizen speaking for myself but also for a number of folks in my neighborhood. I live in Manatee County but I'm one of those who have a Sarasota address. So sort of repeating what Gene Matthews said, folks are surprised sometimes when they hear I'm not aligned with Sarasota. And would like as you look at the Representatives' districts, specifically Donna Clark's district, Number 69, that that district be

moved to the north so that we can be in a district that aligns with the issues that concern Sarasota. Thank you.

15 REPRESENTATIVE BYRD: Thank you. Number 25. (Pause.)

16 Number 26. 17

MS. NAUHOFER: Good morning. My name is Sharon Nauhofer. I'm here representing the Charlotte Builders' and Contractors' Association. And I'd like to start out by saying ditto to the comments on Districts 71 and 74. I don't think I need to go into that again. It's just a bad situation. We feel bad for you having to campaign in three

23 counties. It's just an awful expense. Bad for the

24 legislator and bad for the citizens. 25 On the Senate side, we would like to request Lisa 1 their lives to separate us from any influence of any

political party. They also fought to free us from any

3 foreign control. But recent events, September the 11th,

4 8:45 a.m, the line was drawn. It reaches from New York, 5

goes from Washington, D.C. down to Pennsylvania. On one

6 side of that line are people who advocate American

7 democracy. On the other side of that line are people who

8 oppose it. You here are drawing lines. Our ancestors left

9 us with a Constitution. Inherent in that Constitution are

10 inalienable rights.

11 The most revered if not sacred document that attends 12 that U.S. Constitution is the Bill of Rights, the right to 13 vote. Every vote is to count. You are citizens, we are

14 citizens. They have left us quite a heritage. What I

15 would like to introduce may require a change in our state

16 Constitution and that is in keeping with the concept that

17 our ancestors, what they gave us, was what? More

18 representation. That U.S. Constitution protects each one 19

of us from what? If protects us from our government and it

20 protects us from each other. So the concept is more

21 representation, more seats is good. I repeat. More seats, 22 more representation is good. Thank you. God bless you and

23 God bless America.

24 REPRESENTATIVE BYRD: Thank you, sir. Next is Tram

25 Hudson, Number 27. Welcome to the public hearing. Page 62 Page 64

MR. HUDSON: Good morning, Mr. Chairman. My name is Tram Hudson. I'm chairman of the Republican party in Sarasota County. I have three points to make and I'll be brief. Thank you for coming here and taking citizen input. I hope that when you return to Tallahassee you'll remember what you hear here today.

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Second point I'd like to make is that there is peace in the valley in Sarasota County with the exception of our friend Jeff Kottkamp. (Laughter.) We are very pleased with the House seats and we hope that you will carefully consider when you tweak those lines that you will keep District 69, portions of 67, Jerry Paul and Nancy Detert as a part of the Sarasota delegation. And we like Mr. Kottkamp but I think he would be happy to be further south.

As it relates to the Senate districts, we are very pleased with both Senator McKay and Senator Carlton's district and we hope that you'll keep those essentially intact. My third point relates to the 13th Congressional District. You heard a lot of testimony here today supporting keeping Manatee and Sarasota Counties together. I think that it makes a lot of sense, communities of similar interest. We are both heavily dependent on tourism. Our economy is driven by the tourism. Number two, we are a coastal community. We share a

1 trying to get your polling places so that you would have 2 the opportunity to contract with them, set them up, train 3 your people, hire the additional people you need to work in 4 the polls.

So I would urge you to try and complete this process as early as possible because every supervisor of elections in the state of Florida is going to be addressing this problem in their individual counties. So please try to do this early. Please let the people know so that those of us who are voting around the state will have the opportunity to know as soon as possible if our precinct has been changed. Thank you very much.

REPRESENTATIVE BYRD: Thank you. Are there others who wish to address the public hearing? So now we've concluded the public testimony.

At this time, I'd like to recognize the president of the Senate, Senator John McKay, to address the public hearing. You're recognized, Mr. President.

SENATOR McKAY: Thank you, Chairman Byrd, members of the House, members of the Senate. Welcome to Manatee and Sarasota Counties, Florida. We're privileged to have you here today. And as a member of the Senate, let me thank you for taking your time, sacrificing your time to go around the state to have 22 hearings.

25 Though, from my perspective, those 22 hearings are

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1 very, very deep concern for the environment. And finally, 2 I think the social factors, that our communities are really

3 interconnected. We are the same media market. Many people 4

who live and work travel across that county line as if it

5 is invisible. We have linkages between many organizations

6 just in education at this building. Part of U.S.F.

7 straddles the county line. I'm a trustee at Manatee 8

Community College. We have campuses in both counties. It

truly makes sense to keep the 13th District intact. And

we, again, appreciate you-all coming to Sarasota and I wish you luck in your deliberations. Thank you.

REPRESENTATIVE BYRD: Thank you. Number 29. MS. SANDERS: Hello again. I'm Nancy Sanders and I'm speaking this morning as a citizen and voter in Sarasota County. Since our Supervisor of Elections does not seem to be here, I'd like to share a comment with you that I'm sure she would want brought to your attention, it has to do with

Your time line causes the redistricting not to be completed until late spring or early summer. A former Sarasota Supervisor of Elections, Charlene Canster, (phonetic) has indicated that one of the most difficult problems of being supervisor of elections is trying to redraw the precinct lines, trying to notify the voters where they are supposed to vote, even going so far as

vitally important because this is the public's business.

2 It needs to be an open process, it needs to be an inclusive

3 process. I had many discussions with the chairman of the

4 committee from the Senate and we've discussed the wisdom of

5 not commencing any kind of political activities, drawing

6 any plans or playing games until all public hearings are

7 completed because it is so vitally important that we take

8 the public's views into consideration before we start

9 drawing those lines because these lines will be etched in

stone for ten years. It's how the people's voice will be

So I urge you to, as I know you have done, to wait until the entire process is completed before you start forming your opinions. Let me further add that I would hope that we complete the entire redistricting process within the 60-day legislative session so that we don't have to go to special session. I think as long as we conduct ourselves as the people expect us to conduct ourselves in a very civil and professional manner, that we can, in fact, accomplish that and we'll be out of there by the middle of March and the people will be happy with the plans and then we can go through the rest of the process. So once again, let me commend you on your efforts, commend you on your commitment, and thank you for the sacrifice that you are making. And, again, welcome to Sarasota and Senate

Page 68 Page 66 1 District 26. 1 differences and a yearning for representation like Pasco 2 REPRESENTATIVE BYRD: Thank you, Mr. President. At 2 County, for example, in this area our representation, in 3 3 this time, are there members of the panel that would like terms of the way the districts have been drawn, have served 4 4 to speak? Representative Clark, you are recognized. the people in this area quite well. 5 REPRESENTATIVE CLARK: (Pause.) Well, that 5 And I thank all of you who have come to amplify that 6 illustrates one thing, if you're persistent, you will get 6 fact across party lines, across interest group lines that 7 7 what you need. First of all, I'd like to thank Nancy we are one community and you have in your comments provided 8 8 Sanders and all her students. They allowed me to come evidence for this committee as we prepare to draw the lines 9 9 at some point in the future. And thank you once again. early on and explain to them the redistricting process and 10 the importance as we hope -- new voters lining up to vote 10 REPRESENTATIVE BYRD: Thank you, Representative. Are 11 there other members of the panel? Representative Kottkamp 11 very soon in the future -- they would have an opportunity 12 12 to come here and hear how we decided what districts they will now speak for the defense. (Laughter.) 13 13 REPRESENTATIVE KOTTKAMP: Mr. Chairman, I just wanted would, in fact, be voting in. to say that I do feel a lot of love in the room. 14 And I appreciate them taking time from their very 14 15 important school classroom time to come and see the process 15 (Laughter.) Thank you-all for taking time out of your day 16 16 to be here. It is so important to make us good -- you're even though it did involve a field trip this morning and 17 17 share with us the national anthem at this particular moment good representatives, we need your input, not just today 18 18 in our history, it's very important for us to remember. but year-round. And it is so critical for us to hear how 19 The key thing we need to do is remember the uniqueness of 19 you want these lines drawn. And I especially want to thank 20 this country and continue our processes, continue our daily 20 the high school students. It's just awesome for you to be 21 21 lives. We need to hug our children and our families. able to see your government in action and we're very happy 22 22 to have you here. And, again, thank you-all for taking the time. And as 23 23 REPRESENTATIVE BYRD: Other members of the panel? always E-mail me with your questions and your suggestions 24 24 and I can't wait to hear what Nancy Sanders has you-all to That concludes the public hearing and thanks again to the 25 25 do for your class project to wrap this up. Booker High School students and you, ladies and gentlemen, Page 67 Page 69 1 REPRESENTATIVE BYRD: Thank you, Representative Clark. 1 for attending. We're adjourned. 2 Representative Flanagan, you are recognized. 2 (Hearing adjourned at 11:00 a.m.) 3 REPRESENTATIVE FLANAGAN: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 3 4 Chairman Webster, Chairman Byrd, thank you for choosing 4 5 this area of Florida to host one of our public hearings. 5 6 As all of you in the room know, and I want to remind my 6 7 colleagues, that we actually are on the border of Manatee 7 8 County and Sarasota County. But what's interesting to me, 8 9 as one who's been in this county since I was a youngster, 9 10 you don't recognize the border so much. 10 11 In other words, if I may, I graduated from Manatee 11 12 High School in Bradenton. My younger brothers graduated 12 13 from Cardinal Mooney High School. As a matter of fact, one 13 14 of my younger brothers graduated with Senator Carlton. So 14 15 from that perspective, this community is one community. 15 16 And I think Glenda Wright in her comments, speaking on 16 17 behalf of her boss, Congressman Dan Miller, put it best 17 18 when she quoted her boss, Congressman Dan Miller, by 18 19 saying, Our counties have grown up together. 19 20 Well, certainly I've grown up in both counties. And 20 21 as a young professional, I worked for 17 years on Main 21 22 Street in Sarasota, driving 18 miles back and forth. So 22 23 your boss, Congressman Miller, said it best I think. And I 23 24 think, members, you've heard today that unlike other areas 24 25 we've been to in the state of Florida where there are major 25

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